

**UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT
NORTHERN DISTRICT OF OHIO
EASTERN DIVISION**

NICOLE PETERS,)	CASE NO. 1:24-cv-00026
)	
Plaintiff,)	JUDGE DAVID A. RUIZ
)	
v.)	
)	
COMMISSIONER OF SOCIAL SECURITY,)	
)	MEMORANDUM OPINION AND ORDER#
Defendant.)	

This matter is before the Court on the Report and Recommendation of Magistrate Judge Amanda M. Knapp.¹ R. 11. Plaintiff Nicole Peters's complaint challenges the final decision of the Commissioner of Social Security denying her applications Disability Insurance Benefits and/or for Supplemental Security Income. R. 1. Magistrate Judge Knapp issued her Report and Recommendation on December 3, 2024, recommending the Court affirm the Commissioner's decision. R. 11. As of the date of this decision, Plaintiff has not filed any objections.

I. Standard of Review for a Magistrate Judge's Report and Recommendation

The applicable standard of review of a magistrate judge's report and recommendation depends upon whether objections were made to that report. When objections are made to a report and recommendation of a magistrate judge, the district court reviews the case *de novo*. [Fed. R.](#)

[Civ. P. 72\(b\)\(3\)](#) states:

Resolving Objections. The district judge must determine de novo any part of the magistrate judge's disposition that has been properly objected to. The district

¹ This case was referred to the magistrate judge for a report and recommendation, pursuant to Local Rule 72.2.

judge may accept, reject, or modify the recommended disposition; receive further evidence; or return the matter to the magistrate judge with instructions.

The text of Rule 72(b)(3) addresses only the review of reports to which objections have been made but does not specify any standard of review for those reports to which no objections have lodged. The Advisory Committee on Civil Rules commented on a district court's review of unopposed reports by magistrate judges. In regard to subsection (b) of Rule 72, the Advisory Committee stated: "When no timely objection is filed, the court need only satisfy itself that there is no clear error on the face of the record in order to accept the recommendation." [Fed. R. Civ. P. 72](#) Advisory Committee's notes (*citing Campbell v. United States Dist. Court*, 501 F.2d 196, 206 (9th Cir. 1974), *cert. denied*, 419 U.S. 879)).

"In the Sixth Circuit, failure to object constitutes a forfeiture." [Schuster v. Comm'r of Soc. Sec.](#), 2022 WL 219327, at *1 (N.D. Ohio, Jan. 25, 2022) (Lioi, J.) (*citing Berkshire v. Beauvais*, 928 F.3d 520, 530 (6th Cir. 2019) ("We clarify that forfeiture, rather than waiver, is the relevant term here.")); *see also Thomas v. Arn*, 474 U.S. 140, 152 (1985) (holding that the Sixth Circuit's waiver/forfeiture rule is within its supervisory powers and "[t]here is no indication that Congress, in enacting [§ 636\(b\)\(1\)\(C\)](#), intended to require a district judge to review a magistrate's report to which no objections are filed"). Here, the Report and Recommendation placed the parties on notice as to the potential for forfeiture in the event of a failure to object. R. 11, Page ID# 786.

II. Conclusion

The Court has carefully reviewed the Report and Recommendation, which sets forth not only a detailed recitation of the evidence of record, but also provided a thorough analysis of Plaintiff's sole assignment of error. The Court agrees with the Magistrate Judge's assessment

that the ALJ's determination of Plaintiff's residual functional capacity was supported by substantial evidence. *See*, R. 11, Page ID#: 778-786. Thus, the Court finds no plain error, and agrees with the findings set forth therein. The Magistrate Judge's Report and Recommendation (R. 11) is therefore ADOPTED and the Commissioner's decision is hereby AFFIRMED.

IT IS SO ORDERED.

s/ *David A. Ruiz*

David A. Ruiz
United States District Judge

Date: March 21, 2025